

1 PUBLIC PROTECTION CABINET
2 Kentucky Horse Racing Commission
3 (New Administrative Regulation)
4 810 KAR 4:010. Horses.

5 RELATES TO: KRS 230.215

6 STATUTORY AUTHORITY: KRS 230.215(2), 230.260(8)

7 NECESSITY, FUNCTION, AND CONFORMITY: KRS 230.215(2) and 230.260(8) authorize the
8 Kentucky Horse Racing Commission to promulgate administrative regulations regulating horse
9 racing in Kentucky. This administrative regulation establishes requirements for the participation
10 of horses in horse race meetings, protects the safety and welfare of the horse, and creates a level
11 playing field for participants thereby protecting the integrity of pari-mutuel wagering.

12 Section 1. Definition. "Electronic registration system" means a software application
13 available online and approved by the commission that allows an association's racing secretary,
14 or his designee, or horse identifier, or his designee, full access to horse and trainer records from
15 all tracks in North America, including current owner information.

16 Section 2. Registration and Identification Required. (1) A horse shall not be entered or raced
17 in this state unless:

18 (a) The horse is duly registered, as applicable, in The Jockey Club breed registry, the
19 American Quarter Horse Association, the Appaloosa Horse Club, the Arabian Horse Association
20 Registry, or the American Paint Horse Association, or their respective successors; and

1 (b)1. The registration certificate, virtual certificate, or racing permit issued by the applicable
2 breed registry for the horse is on file with the racing secretary; or

3 2. The information contained on the registration certificate, virtual certificate, or racing
4 permit is available to the racing secretary through the electronic registration system.

5 (2) The stewards may at any time require presentation of a horse's registration certificate,
6 virtual certificate, or racing permit or other proof of ownership.

7 (3) Upon claim, sale, or any other transfer of ownership, the horse's registration certificate
8 or racing permit shall be given to the new owner, and any virtual certificate shall be transferred
9 to the new owner electronically. The new owner shall report the change in ownership to the
10 stewards.

11 (4) If the electronic registration system fails for any reason, the stewards may require
12 presentation of a horse's registration certificate or racing permit prior to a horse being entered
13 or raced in Kentucky.

14 Section 3. Ringers Prohibited. (1) A horse shall not be entered or raced in this state
15 designated by a name other than the name under which the horse is currently registered with
16 the applicable breed registry. If a horse's name is changed with the applicable breed registry, and
17 the horse has raced under its previous name, the horse's former name shall be shown
18 parenthetically in the daily race program the first three (3) times the horse races after the name
19 change.

20 (2) A person shall not cause or permit the correct identity of a horse to be concealed or
21 altered. A person shall not refuse to reveal the correct identity of a horse that he owns or is in
22 his care to a racing official or member of the regular news media.

1 (3) A horse shall not race in this state unless identified by:

2 (a) A legible lip tattoo number applied by agents of the Thoroughbred Racing and Protective
3 Bureau, or by the comparable authorized organization applicable to the breed of the horse;

4 (b) An electronic horse identification microchip that accurately identifies the horse and is
5 compliant with the international standards ISO 11784; or

6 (c) With regards to a horse from a foreign jurisdiction participating in a graded stakes race,
7 has otherwise been correctly identified to the stewards' satisfaction.

8 (4) A horse shall not be entered or raced in this state if previously involved in a "ringer" case
9 to the extent that:

10 (a) A person having control of the horse knowingly entered or raced the horse while
11 designated by a name other than the name under which the horse was registered with The Jockey
12 Club; or

13 (b) The person having control of the horse participated in or assisted in the entry or racing
14 of some other horse under the name registered as belonging to the horse in question.

15 Section 4. Denerving. (1) A horse that has had a chemical, surgical, or thermal neurectomy
16 at or above the fetlock shall not be permitted to race.

17 (2) A horse that has had a palmar or plantar digital neurectomy may be permitted to race
18 if:

19 (a) The neurectomy has been reported by the trainer to the stewards; and

20 (b) The horse has been approved for racing by the commission veterinarian prior to being
21 entered to race.

1 (3) A horse on which a neurectomy has been performed shall have that fact designated on
2 its registration certificate, virtual certificate, racing permit, and entry in the electronic
3 registration system. Responsibility for ensuring that the neurectomy is correctly noted on the
4 horse's registration certificate, virtual certificate, racing permit, and entry in the electronic
5 registration system shall fall:

6 (a) Jointly on the practicing veterinarian who performed the operation and the trainer of
7 the denerved horse if the neurectomy was performed at a location under the commission's
8 jurisdiction; and

9 (b) Solely on the owner of the denerved horse if the neurectomy was performed at a
10 location not under the commission's jurisdiction.

11 (4) If a horse races in violation of this administrative regulation and participates in the purse
12 distribution, then a protest shall not be considered unless submitted in writing to the stewards
13 within forty-eight (48) hours after the race.

14 (5) If a horse races in violation of this administrative regulation and is claimed, then a
15 protest shall not be considered unless the successful claimant submits a protest in writing within
16 forty-eight (48) hours after the race requesting the claim be voided. If the claim is voided, the
17 horse shall be returned to the owner who started the horse in the race, and the claim price shall
18 be returned to the claimant.

19 (6) A list of all denerved horses shall be posted in the racing secretary's office.

20 Section 5. Health Certificate Required. (1) A horse shall not be stabled on the grounds of a
21 licensed association or any training center under the jurisdiction of the commission unless a
22 Certificate of Veterinary Inspection is issued by an accredited veterinarian:

1 (a) Not more than 10 days prior to the horse's arrival on the grounds; or

2 (b) Within a lesser interval as prescribed by the racing association in consultation with the State
3 Department of Agriculture.

4 (2) Notice of this requirement shall be included in the stall application of all licensed
5 associations and training centers under the jurisdiction of the commission and all condition books
6 of licensed associations.

7 Section 6. Workouts. A horse shall not be schooled in the paddock or taken onto a track on
8 association grounds for training or workout, other than during normal training hours posted by
9 the association, without special permission of the stewards.

10 Section 7. Thoroughbred Age Restrictions. (1) A maiden six (6) years of age or older that has
11 made five (5) life time starts on the flat shall not be entered or start.

12 (2) A first time starter four (4) years of age or older shall be approved by a commission
13 veterinarian prior to entry.

14 Section 8. Other Age Restrictions. A quarterhorse, paint horse, Arabian, or Appaloosa horse
15 six (6) years of age or older shall not be entered or raced in a race restricted to maidens. A horse
16 thirteen (13) years of age or older shall not be entered or raced.

17 Section 9. Fillies and Mares Bred. (1) A filly or mare that has been covered by a stallion:

18 (a) Shall be so reported to the racing secretary prior to being entered in a race; and

19 (b) Shall not be entered in a claiming race, unless a written release from the stallion owner
20 is attached to the filly's or mare's registration certificate, or otherwise provided to the stewards,
21 indicating that the stallion service fee has been paid or satisfied.

1 (2) A list of all fillies and mares so reported, showing the names of stallions to which they
2 have been bred, shall be posted in the racing secretary's office.

3 (3) A filly or mare in-foal shall not be entered in a race 120 days or more after the date of
4 last cover.

5 Section 10. Serviceable for Racing. A horse shall not be entered or raced that:

6 (1) Is not in serviceable, sound racing condition. The stewards may at any time require a
7 horse on association grounds to be examined by a qualified person;

8 (2) Is posted on a veterinarian's list, stewards' list, or starter's list in any racing jurisdiction;

9 (3) Has previously raced, but has made no starts in the last 365 days or more, unless
10 approved by a commission veterinarian prior to entry.

11 (3) Is suspended in any jurisdiction;

12 (4) Has been administered any drug in violation of 810 KAR 8:010;

13 (5) Is blind or has seriously impaired vision in both eyes;

14 (6) Is not correctly identified to the satisfaction of the stewards; or

15 (7) Is owned wholly or in part by or is trained by an ineligible person.

16 Section 11. Equipment. (1) Riding crops and blinkers shall be used consistently on a horse.

17 (2) Permission to change use of any equipment used on a horse from its previous start shall
18 be obtained from the stewards.

19 (3) A horse's tongue may be tied down during a race with a clean bandage or gauze.

20 (4) A horse's bridle shall not weigh more than two (2) pounds.

21 (5) Bits shall be of a metallic alloy base of stainless steel or aluminum and may be encased
22 in rubber, plastic, or leather.

1 (6) War bridles and bitless bridles shall not be used.

2 (7) Bar shoes may be used for racing only with permission of the stewards.

3 (8) Any goading device, chain, spurs, electrical or mechanical device, or appliance, except
4 for a riding crop, that may be used to alter the speed of a horse shall not be used on a horse in a
5 race or workout.

6 (9)(a) Any riding crop may be subject to inspection and approval by the stewards or the
7 clerk of the scales to ensure conformity with the specifications of paragraphs (c) through (e) of
8 this subsection.

9 (b) Only riding crops meeting the specifications of this subsection, including the mandatory
10 shock absorbing characteristics, may be used in thoroughbred racing and training.

11 (c) A riding crop shall have a:

- 12 1. Maximum weight of eight (8) ounces;
- 13 2. Maximum length, including flap, of thirty (30) inches; and
- 14 3. Minimum diameter of the shaft of three-eighths (3/8) inch.

15 (d)1. The only additional feature that may be attached to the riding crop is a flap that shall
16 have a:

- 17 a. Maximum length from the end of the shaft of one-half (1/2) inch; and
- 18 b. Maximum width of one and six-tenths (1.6) inches, with a minimum width of eight-tenths
19 (0.8) inch;
- 20 2. The flap from the end of the shaft shall not contain any reinforcements or additions;
- 21 3. There shall not be binding within seven (7) inches of the end of the flap;

1 4. The contact area of the shaft shall be smooth, with no protrusion or raised surface, and
2 covered by shock absorbing material throughout its circumference; and

3 5. The flap shall have similar shock absorbing characteristics to that of the contact area.

4 (e) A riding crop shall not have:

5 1. Stingers or projections extending through the hole of a popper; and

6 2. Any metal parts.

7 (10)(a) The following shall not be used on the front shoes of horses while racing or training
8 on any racing surface:

9 1. Horse shoes that have toe grabs;

10 2. Bends;

11 3. Jar calks;

12 4. Stickers; and

13 5. Any other traction device worn on the front shoes of horses.

14 (b) Wear plates with a height no greater than two (2) millimeters may be used on the front
15 shoes of horses while racing or training.

16 (11) Indiscriminate or brutal use on a horse of a riding crop or any other equipment, as
17 determined by the stewards, at any time on the grounds of a licensed racing association or
18 training center under the jurisdiction of the commission shall be prohibited.

19 Section 12. Sex Alteration. Any alteration in the sex of a horse shall be reported by the
20 horse's trainer to the racing secretary and to the appropriate breed registry applicable to the
21 horse. The alteration shall be noted on the horse's registration certificate, racing permit, virtual
22 certificate, or entry in the electronic system.

1 Section 13. Reporting Death of Horse. A licensed racing association or training center under
2 the jurisdiction of the commission shall report the death or euthanization of any horse on its
3 grounds immediately to the chief commission veterinarian.

4 Section 14. Postmortem Examination. A horse that dies or is euthanized on the grounds of
5 a licensed association or training center under the jurisdiction of the commission shall undergo a
6 postmortem examination at the discretion of the commission. If a postmortem examination is
7 conducted:

8 (1) All shoes and equipment on the horse's legs shall be left on the horse;

9 (2) The commission, through its designee:

10 (a) Shall take possession of the horse upon death;

11 (b) Shall, if commission personnel are present, collect and submit for analysis blood, urine,
12 bodily fluids, or other biologic specimens immediately, if possible before euthanization occurs;
13 and

14 (c) Shall coordinate with the owner or owner's licensed authorized agent to determine and
15 address any insurance requirements.

16 (3) The remains of the horse shall not be returned after completion of the postmortem
17 examination.

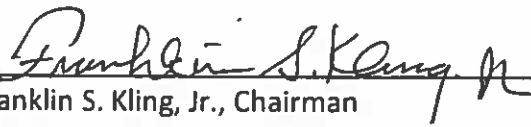
18 (4) The presence of a prohibited substance in a specimen collected during the postmortem
19 examination may constitute a violation of 810 KAR 8:010.

20 Section 15. Incorporation by Reference. (1) "ISO 11784", 1996/Amd.1:2004, is incorporated.
21 by reference.

1 (2) This material may be inspected, copied, or obtained, subject to applicable copyright law,
2 at the Kentucky Horse Racing Commission, 4063 Iron Works Parkway, Building B, Lexington,
3 Kentucky, Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

810 KAR 4:010

READ AND APPROVED:



Franklin S. Kling, Jr., Chairman
Kentucky Horse Racing Commission

11/12/18

Date



K. Gail Russell, Acting Secretary
Public Protection Cabinet

11/13/18

Date

PUBLIC HEARING AND PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD: A public hearing on this administrative regulation shall be held on December 28, 2018 at 10:00 a.m., at the office of the Kentucky Horse Racing Commission, 4063 Iron Works Parkway, Building B, Lexington, Kentucky 40511. Individuals interested in being heard at this hearing shall notify the Kentucky Horse Racing Commission in writing by no later than five (5) working days prior to the hearing of their intent to attend. If no notification of intent to attend the hearing is received by that date, the hearing may be cancelled. This hearing is open to the public. Any person who wishes to be heard will be given an opportunity to comment on the proposed administrative regulation. A transcript of the public hearing will not be made unless a written request for a transcript is made. If you do not wish to be heard at the public hearing, you may submit written comments on the proposed administrative regulation. Written comments shall be accepted through 11:59 p.m., December 31, 2018. Please send written notification of intent to be heard at the public hearing or written comments on the proposed administrative regulation to the contact person below.

CONTACT PERSON: John L. Forgy
General Counsel
Kentucky Horse Racing Commission
4063 Iron Works Parkway, Building B
Lexington, KY 40511
Phone: (859) 246-2040
Facsimile: (859) 246-2039
Email: John.Forgy@ky.gov

REGULATORY IMPACT ANALYSIS AND TIERING STATEMENT

Regulation No.: 810 KAR 4:010
Contact Person: John L. Forgy, General Counsel, Kentucky Horse Racing Commission;
Telephone: (859) 246-2040; Email: John.Forgy@ky.gov

(1) Provide a brief summary of:

(a) What this administrative regulation does: This administrative regulation establishes the rules concerning horses in thoroughbred and other flat racing.

(b) The necessity of this administrative regulation: This administrative regulation is necessary to provide specific rules concerning the health and safety of horses in thoroughbred and other flat racing.

(c) How this administrative regulation conforms to the content of the authorizing statutes: KRS 230.215(2) and 230.260(8) authorize the Commission to promulgate administrative regulations prescribing the conditions under which racing shall be conducted in Kentucky. This administrative regulation prescribes the conditions relating to the health and safety of horses in thoroughbred and other flat racing.

(d) How this administrative regulation currently assists or will assist in the effective administration of the statutes: This administrative regulation sets forth requirements and rules concerning the health and safety of horses in thoroughbred and other flat racing that enhance the integrity of racing.

(2) If this is an amendment to an existing administrative regulation, provide a brief summary of:

(a) How the amendment will change this existing administrative regulation: This is a new administrative regulation.

(b) The necessity of the amendment to this regulation: This is a new administrative regulation.

(c) How the amendment conforms to the content of the authorizing statute: This is a new administrative regulation.

(d) How the amendment will assist in the effective administration of the statutes: This is a new administrative regulation.

(3) List the type and number of individuals, businesses, organizations, or state and local governments affected by this administrative regulation: Kentucky's five licensed thoroughbred

race tracks, and all individual participants in horse racing, are potentially affected by this administrative regulation's establishment of fundamental rules pertaining to the conduct of racing. In the year 2017, the Commission licensed over 22,000 individuals to participate in horse racing. This number is consistent from year to year.

(4) Provide an analysis of how the entities identified in question (3) will be impacted by either the implementation of this administrative regulation, if new, or by the change, if it is an amendment, including:

(a) List the actions that each of the regulated entities identified in question (3) will have to take to comply with this administrative regulation or amendment: Participants in horse racing, and especially owners, trainers, veterinarians, and jockeys, will be required to adhere to the requirements and rules set forth in this administrative regulation pertaining to the health and safety of horses in thoroughbred and other flat racing.

(b) In complying with this administrative regulation or amendment, how much will it cost each of the entities identified in question (3): No significant costs are associated with complying with this administrative regulation.

(c) As a result of compliance, what benefits will accrue to the entities identified in question (3)? Participants in racing will benefit from clearly defined rules concerning the health and safety of horses that enhance the integrity of racing.

(5) Provide an estimate of how much it will cost the administrative body to implement this administrative regulation:

(a) Initially: There is no initial administrative cost to implement this administrative regulation.

(b) On a continuing basis: There is no continuing cost to implement this administrative regulation.

(6) What is the source of the funding to be used for the implementation and enforcement of this administrative regulation: No significant funding will be necessary to implement and enforce this administrative regulation. Any minimal costs will be funded from the budget of the Commission.

(7) Provide an assessment of whether an increase in fees or funding will be necessary to implement this administrative regulation, if new, or by the change if it is an amendment: No additional fees or funding are necessary to implement this administrative regulation.

(8) State whether or not this administrative regulation establishes any fees or directly or indirectly increases any fees: This administrative regulation does not establish any new fees or increase any current fees to participate.

(9) TIERING: Is tiering applied? (Explain why tiering was or was not used.) Tiering was not applied because this amended regulation will apply to all similarly situated entities in an equal manner.

FISCAL NOTE ON STATE OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Regulation No.: 810 KAR 4:010
Contact Person: John L. Forgy, General Counsel, Kentucky Horse Racing Commission;
Telephone: (859) 246-2040; Email: John.Forgy@ky.gov

1. What units, parts or divisions of state or local government (including cities, counties, fire departments, or school districts) will be impacted by this administrative regulation? The Kentucky Horse Racing Commission will be impacted by this administrative regulation.

2. Identify each state or federal statute or federal regulation that requires or authorizes the action taken by the administrative regulation. KRS 230.215, 230.225, 230.240, 230.260, 230.290, 230.310, 230.320, 230.370.

3. Estimate the effect of this administrative regulation on the expenditures and revenues of a state or local government agency (including cities, counties, fire departments, or school districts) for the first full year the administrative regulation is to be in effect.

(a) How much revenue will this administrative regulation generate for the state or local government (including cities, counties, fire departments, or school districts) for the first year? This administrative regulation will not generate revenue for state or local government for the first year.

(b) How much revenue will this administrative regulation generate for the state or local government (including cities, counties, fire departments, or school districts) for subsequent years? This administrative regulation will not generate revenue for state or local government for subsequent years.

(c) How much will it cost to administer this program for the first year? There will be no cost to administer this regulation for the first year.

(d) How much will it cost to administer this program for subsequent years? There will be no cost to administer this regulation for subsequent years.

Note: If specific dollar estimates cannot be determined, provide a brief narrative to explain the fiscal impact of the administrative regulation.

Revenues (+/-): Neutral
Expenditures (+/-): Neutral
Other Explanation: None

SUMMARY OF MATERIAL INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

(1) ISO 11784:1996 is the 4 page International Standard that specifies the structure of the radio-frequency (RF) identification code for animals. ISO 117684:1996/Amd. 1:2004 is the 4 page Amendment that revises portions of ISO 11784:1996.